## **Roisin McAllister**

From: Sent: To: Subject: Attachments:	2 Plan NI - Sheila Curtin <info@2planni.co.uk> 24 September 2020 13:18 DevelopmentPlan@midulstercouncil.org Draft Plan Strategy representation -Mr. Jack Duffy- Dunagannon Settlement Limit. 2Plan NI -J.Duffy 23.09.2020.pdf; Representation-Form-(extended-deadline).pdf; MUPOP-265.pdf</info@2planni.co.uk>
Follow Up Flag:	Follow up
Flag Status:	Completed

Kind Regards, Sheila Curtin MRTPI

47 Lough Fea Road, Cookstown, Co Tyrone, BT80 9QL | m:

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To whom it many concern,

Please find attached completed representation form and accompanying representation document in relation to Mr. Jack Duffy- Dungannon Settlement Limit.

I trust that this is in order, and would be obliged if you can confirm receipt of this email.

Kind Regards, Sheila Curtin MRTPI

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# Submission of a Representation to Mid Ulster District Council Local Development Plan 2030 - Draft Plan Strategy

Comhairle Ceantair Lár Uladh Mid Ulster District Council

Local Development Plan Representation Form

Draft Plan Strategy

Ref:

2. Agent Details (if applicable)

Date Received:

(For official use only)

Name of the Development Plan Document (DPD) to which this representation relates

Draft Plan Strategy

## Representations must be submitted by 5pm on 24th September 2020 to:

Mid Ulster District Council Planning Department 50 Ballyronan Road Magherafelt BT45 6EN

Or by email to developmentplan@midulstercouncil.org

Please complete separate form for each representation.

## SECTION A

### 1. Personal Details

Title	Mr.	Mrs.
First Name	Jack	Sheila
Last Name	Duffy	Curtin
Job Title (where relevant)		Chartered Town Planner
Organisation (where relevant)		2Plan NI

Address Line 1		2Plan NI
Line 2		47 Lough Fea Road Cookstown
Line 3		Co. Tyrone
Line 4		
Post Code		BT80 9QL
<b>₩</b>		
Telephone Number		
E-mail Address	info@2planni.co.uk	

## SECTION B

Your comments should be set out in full. This will help the independent examiner understand the issues you raise. You will only be able to submit further additional information to the Independent Examination if the Independent Examiner invites you to do so.

3. To which part of the DPD does your representation relate?

(i) Paragraph			·
(ii) Objective			
(iii) Growth Strategy/			
Spatial Planning Framework	SPF2	Growth Strategy -HGI Allocation	Dungannon
(iv) Policy	HOU1		
(v) Proposals Map			
(vi) Site Location			

4(a). Do you consider the development plan document (DPD) is:

Sound		Unsound	$\checkmark$
-------	--	---------	--------------

4(b). If you consider the DPD to be unsound, please identify which test(s) of soundness your representation relates, having regard to Development Plan Practice Note 6 (available on the Planning Portal Website at <a href="https://www.planningni.gov.uk/index/advice/practice-notes/development\_plan\_practice\_note\_06\_soundness\_version\_2\_may\_2017\_-2a.pdf.pdf">https://www.planningni.gov.uk/index/advice/practice-notes/development\_plan\_practice\_note\_06\_soundness\_version\_2\_may\_2017\_-2a.pdf.pdf</a>).

Soundness Test No.

See attached statement

5. Please give details of why you consider the DPD to be unsound having regard to the test(s) you have identified above. Please be as precise as possible.

If you consider the DPD to be sound and wish to support the DPD, please set out your comments below:

See attached statement (If not submitting online and additional space is required, please continue on a separate sheet) 6. If you consider the DPD to be unsound, please provide details of what change(s) you consider necessary to make the DPD sound.

Please note your representation should be submitted in full and cover succinctly all the information, evidence, and any supporting information necessary to support/justify your submission. There will not be a subsequent opportunity to make a further submission based on your original representation. After this stage, further submissions will only be at the request of the independent examiner, based on the matters and issues he/she identifies at independent examination.

See attached statement	
с	
(If not submitting online and additional space is required, please continue on a separate sheet)	

7. If you are seeking a change to the DPD, please indicate if you would like your representation to be dealt with by:

Written	Representation
---------	----------------

$\checkmark$

Please note that the Department will expect the independent examiner to give the same careful consideration to written representations as to those representations dealt with by oral hearing.

**Oral Hearing** 

1	 1	
Signature:	Date:	23/09/2020



## Representation to the Mid Ulster District Council's

Local Development Plan 2030

Draft Plan Strategy

2Plan NI

September 2020

By Email

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### 1. Introduction

2Plan NI wish to make the following submission of behalf of Mr. J Duffy in response to the Draft Plan Strategy (DPS). The representation considers the policies proposed within the Draft Plan and details areas where further work is considered necessary. The representation also provides a response as to whether various aspects of the draft plan meet the necessary soundness tests.

To ensure that this representation is set within the appropriate planning context, we have reviewed all legislative, regulative and policy requirements/guidance associated with preparing local development plans in Northern Ireland and all supporting documents associated with the DPS and the preferred Options Paper, which are relevant to the topics/policies which we make comment on.

Land within the ownership to my client lies within the Development Limit of Dungannon and currently falls within Phase 2 Housing Zoning -DH31. In the event that a representation is made contesting the inclusion of said lands within the Development Limit of Dungannon and/or the policies associated with it, we will make a counter representation.

Attached to this representation is a copy of the Preferred Options Paper representations previously submitted to the Council by Colm Donaghy Architect and Pat McBride Planning Consultant. The POP representation details the development status of the lands including physical appraisal of the site and surrounding context.

The representation is structured as follows:

- Section 2- Legislative and Procedural Context
- Section 3 -Policy Soundness and remedy measures.
- Conclusion

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### 2. Legislative and Procedural Context

Sections 6 (1) and (2) of the Planning Act (Northern Ireland) 2011 (the 2011 Act) set out that in Northern Ireland, the local development plan (LDP) for each of the 11 local authorities comprises a plan strategy (PS) and a local policies plan (LPP).

The PS represents the first formal stage of the two stage LDP process and Section 8(1) of the 2011 Act requires all Councils in Northern Ireland to prepare a PS for their districts.

In preparing its DPS, Mid Ulster District Council (MUDC) is required to adhere to the provisions of the Planning Act (Northern Ireland) 2011 ('Act') and the Planning (Local Development Plan) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2015 ('Regulations').

The keystone of the local development plan system is the principle of 'soundness'. Section 10(6) of the 2011 Act provides that the purpose of the Independent Examination (IE) is to determine, in respect of the development plan document:

 whether it satisfies the requirements of sections 7 and 8 or, as the case may be, sections 7 and 9, and any regulations under section 22 relating to the preparation of development plan documents; and

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· whether it is sound.

Although not legislation, Development Plan Practice Note 6 sets out 3 main tests of soundness for Local Development Plans, with each test having a number of criteria, as follows:

#### Procedural Tests

- P1 Has the DPD been prepared in accordance with the council's timetable and the Statement of Community Involvement?
- P2 Has the council prepared its Preferred Options Paper and taken into account any representations made?
- P3 Has the DPD been subject to sustainability appraisal including Strategic Environmental Assessment?
- Did the council comply with the regulations on the form and content of its DPD and procedure P4 for preparing the DPD?

#### Consistency Tests

- C1 Did the council take account of the Regional Development Strategy?
- C2 Did the council take account of its Community Plan?

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- C3 Did the council take account of policy and guidance issued by the Department?
- C4 Has the plan had regard to other relevant plans, policies and strategies relating to the council's district or to any adjoining council's district?

#### Coherence and Effectiveness Tests

- CE1 The DPD sets out a coherent strategy from which its policies and allocations logically flow and where cross boundary issues are relevant it is not in conflict with the DPDs of neighbouring councils;
- CE2 The strategy, policies and allocations are realistic and appropriate having considered the relevant alternatives and are founded on a robust evidence base;
- CE3 There are clear mechanisms for implementation and monitoring; and
- CE4 It is reasonably flexible to enable it to deal with changing circumstances.

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## 3. Policy soundness and remedy measures

We support the plan objectives as outlined in para 3.15 of the Draft Plan Strategy, in particular we support the following objectives:

- To build Cookstown, Dungannon and Magherafelt as economic and transportation hubs and as the main service centres for shops, leisure activities, public administrative and community services including health and education. These are the most populated places and the town centres are the most accessible locations for people to travel to including those without a car.
- To protect and consolidate the role of local towns and villages so that they act as local centres for shops and community services meeting the daily needs of their rural hinterlands.
- To provide for vital and vibrant rural communities whilst protecting the countryside in which they live by accommodating sustainable growth within the countryside proportionate to the extent of existing rural communities.

- To provide for 11,000 new homes by 2030 in a range of housing capable of meeting the needs of families, the elderly and disabled, and single people, at locations accessible to community services, leisure and recreational facilities, for those people with and without a car.
- To recognise the needs of both growing families and carers of the elderly and disabled by accommodating development which allows people to remain within their own communities and does not lead to significant harm to neighbours or the built and natural environment.
- To facilitate the development of new community facilities at locations accessible to the communities they serve, through a variety of modes of transportation in accordance with the community plan.
- To accommodate cultural differences in our communities whilst promoting "shared spaces" to bring people together with equality of opportunity.

We however feel that the associated policies contained within the Draft Plan Strategy fails the test for Soundness.

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SPF 2 - Focus growth within the three main towns/hubs of Cookstown, Dungannon and Magherafelt and strengthen their roles as the main administrative, trade, employment and residential centres within the District;

Plan Para 4.16 states:

In order to ensure land availability over the plan period at a level not below 30% of the Districts HGI, Mid Ulster Council will ensure that additional land is made available over the plan period to meet this provision. In order to facilitate this a phased approach to land release is adopted in this Plan.

In selecting land to be zoned for housing priority will be given to locations which:

- have access to existing community facilities and services;
- can avail of existing infrastructure such as water, waste and sewerage;
- avoid flood risk;
- · have access to public transport; and
- · do not impact on the character of the town or any heritage assets.

We submit that SPF2 is unsound as it fails the following soundness test:

- Fails the Coherence and Effective Test CE2 .
- Fails the Coherence and Effective Test CE3
- Fails the Coherence and Effective Test CE4

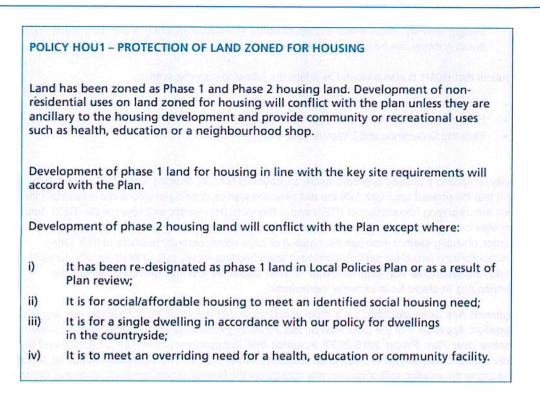
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Plan Para 7.9 -7.12 states:

7.9 Cookstown, Dungannon and Magherafelt will continue to be the focus of major housing development supported by Coalisland and Maghera as local towns. Each of these towns have their own distinctive character and it is important that this is respected in planning for new homes. Our villages and small settlements also provide sustainable locations across rural Mid Ulster but the scale of the development needs to be kept in line with the scale of these settlements and the level of services which they offer.

7.10 We recognise the importance of providing the right amount of housing land in the right location to meet housing need. Under-provision can lead to price rises which will bring about a reduced level of access to the housing market. If overprovided for, the housing market can crash resulting in a catastrophe for our economy. Equally, if land is zoned inaccessibly or in the wrong place it can result in urban sprawl or land banking where no efforts are made to develop homes. Thus, in order to achieve a sustainable housing supply, we will ensure an appropriate amount of land is available at a choice of locations across the main towns and that opportunities are also provided in the local towns and smaller settlements.

7.11 Key to our strategy is zoning land in two phases in Cookstown, Dungannon and Magherafelt, thus allowing for current needs to be met whilst setting the direction of future growth. 7.12 Our strategy is also to provide policy which ensures quality development, in terms of density,

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design, amenity, open space and accessibility whilst also ensuring opportunity exists for social housing which can be integrated into private housing to provide a mixture of tenures.

We submit that HOU1 is also unsound as it fails the following soundness test:

- Fails the Coherence and Effective Test CE2
- Fails the Coherence and Effective Test CE3
- Fails the Coherence and Effective Test CE4

The plan proposes a phased approach to the allocation of land for housing within Dungannon. We submit that the phased approach fails the test of soundness as phasing of land is not reasonably flexible to deal with changing circumstances (CE4) and is therefore not realistic and appropriate (CE2). Vacant urban sites can wait for years to be developed because of cost, land ownership complications, the economy, planning itself or even just the phasing of large developments. Swathes of land sitting redundant for long periods is not only inefficient when housing supply fails to keep up with demand, but it is also, unsustainable, non-compliant with the plan objectives and the non-compliant with the accompanying Strategic Environmental Assessment.

Dungannon has been identified as a main town/hub within the Draft Plan Strategy, we support this designation. Appendix 1 of the Draft Plan Strategy (Housing local Indicators and Economic Development Indicators over Plan Period 2015-2030) indicates that Dungannon will only be allocated land for the construction of between 1,314 -2,628 units between 2015 and 2030. This approach to housing allocation is taken from the existing split of households throughout the District, which is referred to as the 'fair share' approach in the Preferred Options Paper. We contend that this figure is wholly inadequate and does not reflect the objective of the Draft Plan Strategy (3.15) To build Cookstown, Dungannon and Magherafelt as economic and transportation hubs and as the main service centres for shops, leisure activities, public administrative and community services including health and education. These are the most populated places and the town centres are the most accessible locations for people to travel to including those without a car.

In order to achieve the plan objective to provide 11,000 new homes by 2030, and to provide for Dungannon's equitable share of housing, phasing of land needs to be removed, the excessively rigid adherence to the HGI indicators need to be reconsidered to enable an over supply of land for housing to account for the substantial swathes of zoned land which can not or will not be developed during the plan period due to the reasons set out above.

We acknowledge the considerable amount of work and the length of time it takes to get to this stage of the area plan, we question however the use of pre 2015 statistics to inform the plan. We note that Appendix 1 of the Draft Plan Strategy was based on NISRA household figures from September 2012, and the figure for committed units still to be developed and residual zoning figures are taken from April 2015 figures. We note also that the Mid Ulster Preferred Options Paper (November 2016) is based on Development Preparatory Papers published in 2015.

The use of outdated preparatory papers to inform the allocation of housing land significantly weakens the evidence base upon which they are used to inform. Policy SPF2 fails test CE2 as it is contended that the proposed policy is not appropriate given the outdated nature of the evidence base.





The position paper entitled 'Strategic Settlement Evaluation' published July 2015, concludes the following for the settlement of Dungannon:

• In terms of capacity to accommodate future growth there are existing LLPA designations to the immediate south of the settlement which may constrain future development in that direction. There is a floodplain area to the north of the existing development limit, between the existing development limit and Dungannon Golf Course which may constrain development in this area. A Minerals Reserve policy Area to the north alongside the A29 may constrain development to the northwest. The A4 dual carriageway to the south of the settlement may act as a physical boundary to development growth. The settlement appraisal map identifies numerous areas which have no topographical constraints and may be suitable for future growth if required.

• Information contained in the housing allocation paper would suggest that there is no need for additional housing stock in Dungannon and accordingly the settlement limit is unlikely to be extended. Figures from the 2014 housing monitor show that there is potential for 3166 units to be completed within the settlement limit.

The position paper as quoted above is now over 5 years out of date, and significant developments have occurred within Dungannon since July 2015 to the status of housing. The use of the 2014 housing monitor information fails the coherence and effective test. Since publication of the preparatory papers the amount of available Phase 1 land within Dungannon has dramatically decreased. A desktop study concludes that of the 25 no. Housing -Phase 1 zonings, only 10 remain uncommitted, with some of the Phase 1 remaining lands containing development constraints, such as:

- Fluctuated site prices due to demand
- Smaller site area, less favourable to some developers
  - Presence of Archaeological Site and Monument
- Abuts a Local Landscape Policy Area

We take this opportunity to demonstrate that our clients land lies within the Development Limit of Dungannon and currently falls within Phase 2 Housing Zoning -DH31. The site contains none of the development constraints outlined above and is available for immediate development.

#### Remedy

We recommend that most up to date evidence is used to inform the Draft Plan Strategy. At a minimum, we request that the Council amend the Settlement Appraisal maps and Appendix 1 of the Draft Plan Strategy to reflect the most up to date situation on the ground.

To meet the objectives of the Draft Plan Strategy we contend that Dungannon is in urgent need of lands to be released for housing development. We recommend that all Phase 2 housing lands are made available for immediate housing development. To provide an equitable plan, a Carte Blanche approach needs to be taken to current uncommitted Phased 1 housing zoned lands during the preparation of the Local Policies Plan.

We recommend the removal of the phased approach of housing allocation across the entire Plan area. Contrary to the Plans justification, overtly restricting the availability of housing development lands leads to land banking and increased land prices, which directly affects housing availability and housing affordability.

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#### Conclusion

We trust that this representation is in order, and wish to acknowledge our intention to represent our clients with oral evidence at the Public Examination.

Sheila Curtin, MRTPI PRINCIPAL 2PLAN NI Chartered Planning & Engineering Consultancy

Attached: MUPOP/265

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MUP/265

## Ruairi O'Kane

From:	Colm Donaghy Chartered Architect <info@colmdonaghy.com></info@colmdonaghy.com>
Sent:	17 January 2017 12:25
To:	DevelopmentPlan@midulstercouncil.org
Cc:	Jack Duffy; Pat McBride
Subject:	Site adjacent to Ardkeen, Killymeal Road Dungannon
Attachments:	Letter dated 20 11 15 pdf: S McEvov Letter pdf: Bat McBride Letter 17 07 17 pdf
Attachments:	Letter dated 20 11 15.pdf; S McEvoy Letter.pdf; Pat McBride letter 17 07 17.pdf

FAO Sinead McEvoy

Sinead

I refer to previous communications on this site and I enclose representations prepared by Pat McBride in relation to the recently published preferred options paper for this site at Killymeal road Dungannon.

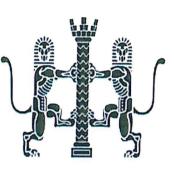
If you require any further information, please contact the undersigned.

Regards

Colm



43 Dungannon Street Moy County Tyrone BT71 7SH



0288 77 89409 info@colmdonaghy.com



20 11 15

Sinead McEvoy, Principal Planning Officer, Local Planning Office, Mid Ulster Council Council Offices, 50, Ballyronan Road, Magherafelt, BT45 6EN

Dear Sinead,

## RE: Site adjacent to Ardkeen, Killymeal Road, Dungannon

This 4 acre site is part of a larger 35.6 ha Phase 2 housing zoning (DH31) for Dungannon in the adopted Dungannon & South Tyrone Area Plan (attached drawing).

However, another part of the 35.6 ha zoning is owned by the Trustees of St Patrick's Academy, Dungannon, is part of their overall school complex and is required by them for future educational purposes. In this respect, the Trustees have already sought and have been granted a number of permissions for educational development including a new replacement School as well as additional playing fields. More specifically, these additional playing fields

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RIBA RIAI Architect	Moy Co Tyrone B171751	info@colmdonaghy.com

which are within the DH31 zoning have already been developed and as a result they split the subject site from the main and larger remaining portion of DH31.

As a result the subject site is isolated from and unable to be developed in a comprehensive manner as part of DH31 – a requirement of the adopted Plan.

Indeed, if it were to be developed its development would not prejudice the comprehensive development of the remaining zoning. This is because it has potential to accommodate no more than 12 houses, it raises no access or servicing concerns and as such its development is unlikely to set a precedent for releasing other Phase 2 lands.

The purpose of this letter, therefore, is to take your advice as to how best to take forward this issue in the context of existing development plan policies and the on-going initiation of the Plan review.

I would be happy to meet with you to discuss the issues raised at your earliest.

If you require any further information, please contact the undersigned.

Yours Sincerely

Colm Donaghy RIBA RIAI Chartered Architect

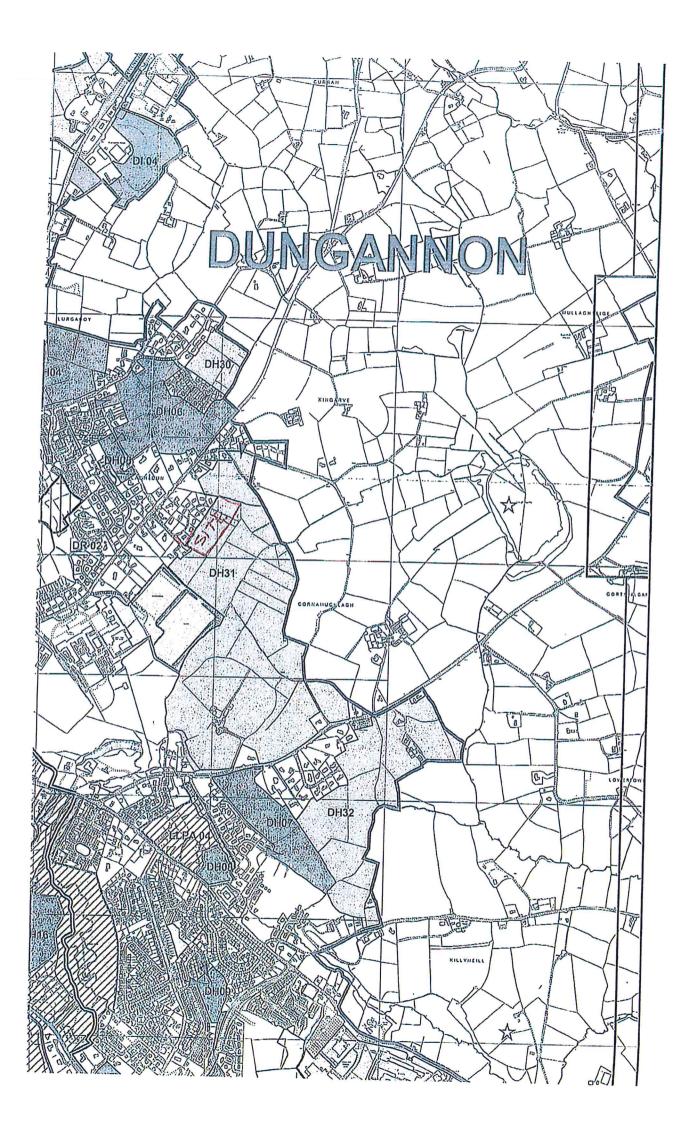
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**REF: FOI/437** 

Date: 02/02/2016



Colm Donaghy 24 Killyman Road Dungannon Co. Tyrone

Contact: Sinead McEvoy – Head of Development Plan

Dear Colm,

RE: Site adjacent to Ardkeen, Killyman Road, Dungannon.

I write with reference to the above matter and further to your letter received by this office on 4 January 2016 and our subsequent telephone conversations on 11 January 2016 and 02 February 2016.

As you have rightly noted, the site you refer to is located within Phase 2 zoned land (DH31), as designated in the Dungannon and South Tyrone Area Plan 2010. This current plan adopts a phased approach to the release of housing land. The plan recognises that land within Phase 1 is sufficient to meet anticipated need and that Phase 2 housing zonings are to be held in a land bank until an acceptable need for release is demonstrated.

As you may be aware Mid Ulster District Council are currently gathering evidence to allow for the preparation of a new Local Development Plan for Mid Ulster. As part of that evidence gathering the situation in relation to housing land uptake has been reviewed and no need has been identified for the release of Phase 2 Housing Land in Dungannon. The information gathered to date can be accessed at the following link: <u>http://www.midulstercouncil.org/Planning/Development-Plan</u> You will note from the Housing Position Paper from November 2014 that the Housing Monitor confirmed that just under 28% of the housing land in Dungannon has been developed (2013 survey data).

As it stands any development of this Phase 2 zoned land is unlikely unless it is demonstrated that all available Phase 1 land has been taken and also that the Sewerage system has available capacity to deal with additional capacity as a result of Phase 2 land development. If and when this Phase 2 land is released, the St Patrick's Academy development as it currently exists will not on the face of it prejudice the future development of zoning DH31 as all the key site requirements set out in the Area Plan

appear to remain achievable based on this desk based assessment of the query you have raised.

I note that you have indicated that you would wish to meet to discuss this matter and I am happy to do so if you feel that there are factors or information that require discussion beyond those set out in your correspondence.

Should you wish to discuss this further please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours sincerely



Principal Planning Officer Head of Development Plan and Enforcement

Planning Department Mid Ulster District Council Magherafelt Office 50 Ballyronan Road Magherafelt BT45 6EN

Email: Tel: 0300013213



## Site adjacent to Ardkeen, Killymeal Road, Dungannon

- 1. Further to previous representations made to the Mid-Ulster Development Plan team (attached) and having reviewed the recently published Preferred Options Paper (POP), I wish to make the following representations.
- 2. It is noted that the average population growth within the Plan Area is twice the Northern Ireland average and that Dungannon has experienced the largest growth in population since 2001.
- 3. It is also noted that only 31% of Phase 1 land has so far been developed and there are no development commitments relating to 6 Phase 1 sites within the town.
- 4. Because of this and given the strategic POP objective of supporting the development of the 3 main towns as economic, transportation and service hubs, your preferred option for housing allocation -Option 1 - is inconsistent with this over-riding objective. The consequences for the rural area in terms of over-development are also likely to be environmentally unacceptable.
- 5. Options 2 or 3 would be more consistent with the POP's wider objectives (pages 23-24) and would allow more housing to be allocated especially to a fast growing town such as Dungannon.
- 6. Indeed the housing allocation to Dungannon town should properly reflect its level of recent growth rather than being based on its share of existing households.

- The proposed review of all uncommitted Phase 1 (Policy HOU1 page 37) is urgently required as part of the preparation of the Local Policies Plan.
- 8. In this respect the proposal (page 24) that 'existing zoned housing land be time limited allowing for de-zoning if not acted on and replaced by alternative land for housing' is supported.
- 9. The lack of commitment to develop such undeveloped Phase 1 land clearly puts those owners and potential developers of Phase 2 land at a distinct disadvantage especially those with small holdings that if developed would not prejudice any comprehensive development objectives. Indeed such areas should be released for development especially if they have no adverse impact on the strategic objectives of the Plan.
- 10. This review should also critically examine how realistic it is to implement those large areas of zoned housing in multiple ownerships and with obvious access and other infrastructure issues. Zoning DH31 along the Killymeal/Kingarve Roads, Dungannon is such an area.
- 11. Of course irrespective of the quantity and location of proposed housing land allocated throughout the towns and villages of the Plan area, the Council will have no direct influence through the planning process in their delivery. Similarly delivery of rural single houses is outside the direct control of the Council irrespective of which rural policy is in due course adopted. There is no direct link between the policy adopted and the quantity of rural dwellings built in due course.
- 12. Finally, the identification of a future economic growth direction option towards Bush village to provide potential economic land zonings and incorporating part of the existing housing zoning DH31 is unacceptable because of its inevitable significant environmental impact on existing and future housing in the Ardkeen area.

Pat McBride 17<sup>th</sup> January 2016